Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

#### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of China Education Resources Inc. were prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. The most significant of these accounting principles have been set out in the December 31, 2008 audited consolidated financial statements. Only changes in accounting policies have been disclosed in these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements. Management acknowledges responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates and the choice of accounting principles and methods that are appropriate to the Company's circumstances.

Management has established processes, which are in place to provide them sufficient knowledge to support management representations that they have exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and (ii) the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

#### **Notice to Reader**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements; they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

## Consolidated Balance Sheets As at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008

(See Note 1 - Basis of Presentation)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

Director

	 2009	2008
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 414,192	\$ 856,627
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	1,908,049	42,913
Inventory	96,971	99,640
Prepaid expenses & deposits	57,572	24,362
Other receivable	266,072	57,519
Total current assets	2,742,856	1,081,061
Due from a related party (Note 9)	80,756	80,839
Long-term other receivable (Note 6)	18,523	18,542
Equipment and website development costs (Note 7)	727,563	1,590,321
Goodwill	3,210,218	3,210,218
Total assets	\$ 6,779,916	\$ 5,980,981
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	\$ 3,660,710	\$ 2,717,158
Income taxes payable	2,257,567	2,126,716
	5,918,277	4,843,874
Non-controlling interest	646,809	-
Commitments (Note 12)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 10)	28,376,584	28,376,584
Contributed surplus	1,586,450	1,557,616
Accumulated other comprehensive income	473,885	492,005
Deficit	(30,222,089)	(29,289,098
Total shareholders' equity	214,830	1,137,107
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 6,779,916	\$ 5,980,981
Approved by the Board:		
"CF Zhou"		
Director		
"Bill Calvin"		

### **Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss**

for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,			otember 30,			
		2009		2008		2009		2008	
Revenue									
Book sales and distribution services	\$	1,911,566	\$	58,804	\$	1,932,172	\$	161,433	
Teacher training		111,239		90,026		155,424		287,805	
		2,022,805		148,830		2,087,596		449,238	
Cost of sales		936,803		30,986		950,424		69,616	
Gross profit		1,086,002		117,844		1,137,172		379,622	
Expenses									
General and administrative		217,317		302,967		828,852		1,214,645	
Amortization		300,397		303,731		893,421		892,615	
Selling expenses		136,956		100,146		227,929		247,978	
Stock-based compensation (Note 10(b))		6,035		128,435		28,834		363,047	
		660,705		835,279		1,979,036		2,718,285	
Operating income (loss)		425,297		(717,435)		(841,864)		(2,338,663)	
Other income									
Accounts payable written off (Note 12)		-		-		295,647		-	
Gain on disposal of equipment		3,466		-		3,466		-	
Other income		267		127		247		573	
Interest income		196		3,302		784		15,048	
		3,929		3,429		300,144		15,621	
Income (Loss) before non-controlling interest		429,226		(714,006)		(541,720)		(2,323,042)	
Non-controlling interest		(391,271)		-		(391,271)		-	
Net income (loss) for the period		37,955		(714,006)		(932,991)		(2,323,042)	
Unrealized exchange loss on translation									
of self-sustaining foreign operations		(96,207)		(70,079)		(18,120)		(16,717)	
Comprehensive loss	\$	(58,252)	\$	(784,085)	\$	(951,111)	\$	(2,339,759)	
Income (Loss) per share - Basic and diluted (1)	\$	0.0009	\$	(0.0166)	\$	(0.0217)	\$	(0.0544)	
Weighted average number of common shares used to		42.00 : 22.7		42.00 : 227		12.00: 222		40	
calculate basic and diluted loss per share		43,004,983		43,004,983		43,004,983		42,736,370	

<sup>(1)</sup> Basic and diluted loss per share was the same as the inclusion of potential dilutive 3,574,000 stock options in the calculation of diluted loss per share would be anti-dilutive.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and year ended December 31, 2008 (Unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)	Number of Shares	Amount	Contributed Other Comprehensive Surplus Income		Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2007 Restated	38,404,983 \$	26,140,551	\$ 1,250,845	\$ 626,668	\$ (25,754,470) \$	2,263,594
Issued for cash under private placement in January 2008 (Note 10(a))	4,600,000	2,236,033	-	-	-	2,236,033
Stock-based compensation	-	-	306,771	-	-	306,771
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	(134,663)	-	(134,663)
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2008	-	-	-	-	(3,534,628)	(3,534,628)
Balance, December 31, 2008	43,004,983 \$	28,376,584	\$ 1,557,616	\$ 492,005	\$ (29,289,098) \$	1,137,107
Stock-based compensation	-	-	28,834	-	-	28,834
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	(18,120)	-	(18,120)
Net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2009	-	-	-	-	(932,991)	(932,991)
Balance September 30, 2009	43,004,983 \$	28,376,584	\$ 1,586,450	\$ 473,885	\$ (30,222,089) \$	214,830

### **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

	7	Three months ended September 30,		]	Nine months ended Sept		tember 30,	
		2009		2008		2009		2008
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities								
Net loss from continuing operations Items not affecting cash:	\$	37,955	\$	(714,006)	\$	(932,991)	\$	(2,323,042
Amortization		300,397		303,731		893,421		892,615
Disposal of assets		(3,466)		877		(3,466)		12,130
Non-controlling interest		391,271		-		391,271		-
Stock based compensation		6,035		128,435		28,834		363,047
Changes in non-cash working capital items								
Accounts and other receivable		(1,885,318)		175,811		(1,811,157)		102,976
Inventory		(4,079)		(11,414)		2,566		(1,051
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(17,939)		(278)		(31,095)		(32,700)
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities		1,220,847		(234,808)		722,926		(327,343
Income taxes payable		115,824		693		132,121		98,925
		161,527		(350,959)		(607,570)		(1,214,443
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities								
Additions to equipment		187		-		(1,678)		(9,580
Proceeds on disposal of equipment		38,778		-		38,778		-
Cash transferred in from acquisition of ZYCY		20,553		-		20,553		-
Advances to related parties		-		(192)		-		(10,944
		59,518		(192)		57,653		(20,524)
Cash flows from financing activities								
Net proceeds on issuance of share capital		_		-		_		2,236,033
Advances from related parties		135,869		-		159,411		-
		135,869		-		159,411		2,236,033
Effect of foreign exchange rate		(155,561)		(73,967)		(51,929)		(163,598)
Net cash inflow (outflow) during the period		201,353		(425,118)		(442,435)		837,468
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		212,839		1,556,515		856,627		293,929
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	414,192	\$	1,131,397	\$	414,192	\$	1,131,397
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:								
Cash	\$	414,192	\$	734,393	\$	414,192	\$	734,393
Term deposits		-		397,004		-		397,004
	\$	414,192	\$	1,131,397	\$	414,192	\$	1,131,397
Considerate Control of the Control o								
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information	¢.		Ф		¢.		¢.	673
Interest paid	\$	-	\$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	673
Taxes paid	\$	-	\$	-	Э	-	Þ	-

### 1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

#### (a) Nature of Operations

China Education Resources Inc., together with its subsidiaries (individually and collectively referred to as the "Company"), provides an education internet portal with educational content, resources and training programs to users in People's Republic of China ("China") and distributes educational textbooks and materials developed by the Company to bookstores and schools in China. During to the size of the Company, the provision of education internal portal services and distribution of educational textbooks and materials were in one segment based on the organizational structure, strategies, decision making and the availability of financial information.

#### (b) Going Concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a going concern, which presumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Management is aware, in making its assessment, of material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as going concern as described in the following paragraph. Accordingly, they do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Company has a need for financing for working capital, development and updating its education internet education portal. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependant upon the acceptance of the education internet portal by the users to achieve a profitable level of operations by the Company and on the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to fund the Company's future business plan. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time. Since inception, the Company has incurred cumulative losses of \$30,222,089 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, incurred negative operating cash flow from continuing operations of approximately \$607,600.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes to the consolidated financial statements required by Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for annual consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 may not necessarily be indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2009.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies - Continued

The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2008 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for annual consolidated financial statements. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with the accounting policies described in the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008, except as noted below. For further information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2008.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, CEN China Education Network Ltd. ("CEN Network"), China Education International Inc. and CEN China Education Overseas Corporation, its 90% owned subsidiaries, CEN Smart Networks Ltd. ("CEN Smart") and Today's Teachers Technology & Culture Ltd. ("TTTC") and its 54% owned subsidiary, Zhong Yu Cheng Yuan Curriculum Development Center Ltd. (previously known as Yu Cheng Yuan Consulting and Service Ltd.) ("ZYCY") as from July 1, 2009 (see Note 8). All significant inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have not had an impact on results of operations for the period.

The Company adopted the following new accounting policies:

#### (i) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

On January 1, 2009, the Company adapted CICA Section 3064, Goodwill and Intangible Assets. This new standard provides guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill and other intangible assets. The adoption of this standard did not have any material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### (ii) Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

On February 1, 2009, the Company adopted Emerging Issues Committee of the Accounting Standards Board EIC-173, *Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. Under EIC-173, an entity is required to take into account its own credit risk as well as the credit risk of the counterparty in determining the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities. EIC-173 is applicable to interim and annual financial statements for periods ending after January 20, 2009. The adoption of EIC-173 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies - Continued

#### (iii) Accounting changes

On July 1, 2009, the Company adopted CICA amended Handbook Section 1506, *Accounting Changes*, to exclude from its scope changes in accounting policies upon the complete replacement of an entity's primary basis of accounting. The adoption of these amendments did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

#### (i) International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

In February 2008, the Accounting Standards Board (AcSB) confirmed that the use of IFRS will be required in 2011 for publicly accountable enterprises in Canada. In April 2008, the AcSB issued an IFRS Omnibus Exposure Draft proposing the publicly accountable enterprises be required to apply IFRS, in full and without modification, on January 1, 2011. The adoption date of January 1, 2011 will require the restatement, for comparative purposes, of amounts reported by the Corporation for its year ended December 31, 2010, and of the opening balance sheet as of January 1, 2010. The AcSB proposed that CICA Handbook Section, Accounting Changes, paragraph 1506.30, which would require an entity to disclose information relating to a new primary source of GAAP that has been issued but is not yet effective and that the entity has not applied, not be applied with respect to the IFRS Omnibus Exposure Draft. The corporation is continuing to assess the financial reporting impacts of the adoption of IFRS and, at this time, the impact on future financial position and results of operations is not reasonably determinable or estimable. The Corporation does anticipate a significant increase in disclosure resulting from the adoption of IFRS and is continuing to assess the level of disclosure required, as well as system changes that may be necessary to gather and process the required information.

#### (ii) Business combinations

In January 2009, the CICA issued the new handbook Section 1582, "Business Combinations" effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Earlier adoption of Section 1582 is permitted. This pronouncement further aligns Canadian GAAP with US GAAP and IFRS and changes the accounting for business combinations in a number of areas. It establishes principles and requirements governing how an acquiring company recognizes and measures in its financial statements identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest in the acquire, and goodwill acquired. The section also establishes disclosure requirements that will enable users of the acquiring company's financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of its business combinations. Although the Company is considering the impact of adopting this pronouncement on the consolidated financial statements, it will be limited to any future acquisitions beginning in 2010.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies - Continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Continued

#### (iii) Consolidated financial statements and non-controlling interests

In January 2009, the CICA issued the new handbook Section 1601, "Consolidated Financial Statements", and Section 1602, "Non-controlling Interests", effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Earlier adoption of these recommendations is permitted. These pronouncements further align Canadian GAAP with US GAAP and IFRS. Sections 1601 and 1602 change the accounting and reporting for ownership interest in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent. Non-controlling interests are to be presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity but separate from the parent's equity. The amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the non-controlling interest is to be clearly identified and presented on the face of the consolidated statement of income. In addition, these pronouncements establish standards for a change in the parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary and the valuation of retained non-controlling equity investments when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. They also establish reporting requirements for providing sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the non-controlling owners. The Company is currently considering the impact of adopting these pronouncements on its consolidated financial statements in 2010 in connection with the conversion to IFRS.

#### (iv) Financial instruments disclosure

In June 2009, the CICA amended Handbook Section 3862, *Financial Instruments—Disclosures*, to include additional disclosure requirements about fair value measurements of financial instruments and to enhance liquidity risk disclosure requirements for publicly accountable enterprises. The amendments apply to annual financial statements for years ending after September 30, 2009. The Company does not expect that adoption of these amendments will have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the development and update of the educational internet portal. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

Although the Company has commercialized its teaching training portal in February 2007 and launched its education internet portal in late 2008, the Company is still dependent on external financing to fund its future business plan until it achieves a profitable level of operations. The Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to develop additional features for its education internet portal and will also look into other opportunities to provide educational services provided through the internet if it has adequate financial resources to do so. Acquisition of YCY by share exchange is one of the strategies to improve the working capital position of the Company.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 4. Financial Instruments

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, due from a related party, long term other receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to the risks described below:

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivables. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Other receivables consist of goods and services tax due from the Federal Government of Canada, interest receivable and amounts advanced to employees and others. Management assesses the credit risk concentration with respect to accounts receivable and other receivables annually and adjusts them accordingly.

#### 4. Financial Instruments - Continued

#### (a) Credit risk - Continued

Four (2008: Two) customer represent in excess of 10% of trade accounts receivable at September 30, 2009. Four (2008: Two) customers represent in excess of 10% of total revenue at September 30, 2009.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. At September 30, 2009, the Company had a negative working capital of \$3,175,421 (December 31, 2008 - \$3,762,813). The Company is focused on generating sales revenue and is actively pursuing additional sources of financing to ensure that it can meet its ongoing operating requirements and planned capital expenditures.

#### (c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to short term interest rates through the interest earned on cash and cash equivalents. The Company has significant cash balances and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in short-term deposits with its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks.

#### 4. Financial Instruments - Continued

#### (c) Market risk - Continued

#### (ii) Foreign currency exchange rate risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The majority of the Company's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses are denominated in Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), which was tied to the US dollar and is now tied to a basket of currencies of China's largest trading partners, is not a freely convertible currency. The appreciation of the RMB against the US dollar would result in an increase in the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Company and a foreign currency gain included in comprehensive income. Conversely, the devaluation of the RMB against the US dollar would result in a decrease in the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Company and a foreign currency loss included in comprehensive income.

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major transactions are transacted in Canadian dollars and RMB. The Company maintains Chinese RMB bank accounts in China to support monthly forecasted cash outflows. Management believes the foreign exchange risk derived from currency conversions is minimal and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk. At September 30, 2009, approximately \$358,645 of the cash was held in RMB.

Fluctuation in the value of Canadian dollar relative to US dollar has some impact on the Company's head office financial results. However, such exchange rate fluctuations have not materially affected the overall financial earnings and results on a consolidated basis.

#### (iii) Price risk

The Company is exposed to risk of equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company monitors the movements of the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

#### 4. Financial Instruments - Continued

#### (d) Sensitivity analysis

The Company has designated its cash as held-for-trading, which is measured at fair value. Accounts receivable, other receivable, due from a related party and long term other receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following movements are "reasonably possible" over a year:

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents are subject to floating interest rates. Sensitivity to a plus or minus 1% change in rates would affect net loss by approximately \$4,800 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.
- (ii) The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations of financial instruments related to cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables, other receivables, due from a related party, long term other receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in Chinese RMB. Sensitivity to a plus or minus 5% change in the foreign exchange rates would affect net loss by approximately \$1,900 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

#### 5. Accounts Receivable

	S	eptember 30, 2009	December 31, 2008		
Trade receivables	\$	1,940,059	\$	74,956	
Bad debt provision		(32,010)		(32,043)	
	\$	1,908,049	\$	42,913	

#### 6. Long-Term Other Receivable

	Se	eptember 30, 2009	December 32		
Loan due from Shengshi Education Service Company ("Shengshi") [i] Bad debt provision	\$	632,031 (613,508)	\$	632,678 (614,136)	
	\$	18,523	\$	18,542	

[i] Shengshi is a non-related business partner of one of the Chinese subsidiaries. The total loan due from Shengshi was RMB7,630,000 (\$1,117,108) of which RMB 3,970,000 (\$581,248) was non-interest bearing and was due September 2006, RMB1,320,000 (\$193,261) was bearing 10% interest and was due on June 2006 and RMB2,340,000 (\$342,599) was bearing 10% interest and was due on August 2006. Of the total loan, RMB4,551,269 (\$666,351) was collateralized by the shares of the Company owned by Beijing Anli Information and Consulting Company ("Anli") and a shareholder of the Company. In 2006, management determined the collectibility of this loan became uncertain. In light of this uncertainty management set up a provision of RMB3,078,731 (\$450,757) for the portion of the loan that is unsecured and did not accrue the interest income. In 2007, management set up additional provision of RMB235,000 (\$34,406). As of December 31, 2008, management decided to adjust the receivable to net realizable amount by recording an additional provision of RMB4,189,769 (\$613,424). As the above noted receivable had been long overdue and the anticipated time of collection is not certain, the Company has classified the receivable as long term other receivable.

### Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in U.S. Dollars) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

### 7. Equipment and Website Development Cost

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	Cost	Accumulated depreciation		let book value
Computer equipment	\$ 484,601	\$ 289,830	\$	194,771
Office equipment	59,130	52,222		6,908
Motor vehicles	525,500	389,900		135,599
Leasehold improvement	67,259	15,970		51,289
Website development costs	3,050,965	2,711,969		338,996
	\$ 4,187,455	\$ 3,459,892	\$	727,563

December 31, 2008

	Cost			cumulated preciation	N	Vet book value		
Computer equipment	\$	499,653	\$	251,683	\$	247,970		
Office equipment		55,733		46,675		9,058		
Motor vehicles		500,755		329,178		171,577		
Leasehold improvement		67,328		8,607		58,721		
Website development costs		3,054,447		1,951,452		1,102,995		
	\$	4,177,916	\$	2,587,595	\$	1,590,321		

The website development was substantially completed in January 2007 and the capitalized amount is amortized over 3 years.

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in U.S. Dollars) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

## 8. Acquisition of Zhong Yu Cheng Yuan Curriculum Development Center Ltd. (previously known as Yu Cheng Yuan Consulting and Service Ltd.) ("ZYCY")

On July 18, 2009, the Company, through TTTC (a 90% owned subsidiary), acquired a 60% interest in Zhong Yu Cheng Yuan Curriculum Development Center Ltd. ("ZYCY"), a distributor of education products in China for RMB6,000,000 (\$878,460) payable in 2,860,000 shares of common stock of the Company at a deemed value of C\$0.35 (\$0.30) per share. The 2,860,000 shares of common stock were issued in November 2009. One-third of the shares were released to the other party according to the agreement and the balance of the shares of common stock are held in escrow and half of them will be released on the first and second anniversary of the closing date, respectively, contingent upon ZYCY generating an annual net profit of RMB2,000,000 (\$292,820). At September 30, 2009, the Company's effective ownership in ZYCY was 54%.

As a part of the purchase agreement, the Company was entitled to the earnings of ZYCY effective from July 1, 2009. This acquisition was accounted for by the purchase method with the fair value of the consideration paid being allocated to the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as follows:

Assets acquired	
Current assets	\$ 284,197
Equipment	26,226
	310,424
Liabilities assumed	
Current liabilities	10,281
Income tax liabilities	163_
Fair value of net assets acquired	\$ 299,980
Consideration payable by shares (1)	\$ 299,980

<sup>(1)</sup> The fair value of the net assets acquired was \$299,980 and was considered as the fair value of the 2,860,000 shares of common stock issued. At September 30, 2009, \$299,980 was included as part of the accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet.

## China Education Resources Inc. Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

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#### 9. Related Party Transactions

All related party transactions were recorded at the exchange amounts as agreed upon by the related parties.

	Sep	otember 30, 2009	I	December 31, 2008
Amount due from Beijing Anli Information and Consulting				
Company ("Anli"), net of bad debt provision of \$94,960 [i]	\$	80,756	\$	80,839

[i] Anli and its major shareholder are shareholders of the Company. In 2003, the Company advanced funds of RMB 1,200,000 (\$175,692) to Anli. A loan agreement was signed on October 28, 2003 for a one-year term, non-interest bearing. The loan was extended to October 31, 2008. At December 31, 2008, the loan was not yet been repaid and collateralized by the shares of the Company owned by Anli. The Company made a bad debt provision of RMB648,500 (\$94,960) in total based on the market value of the shares of the Company that held by the Company as the guarantee at December 31, 2008. As the amount due from Anli has been long overdue, the anticipated time of collection is not certain, the Company has classified the amount as non-current item.

During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred \$14,057 (2008: \$13,295) and \$47,208 (2008: \$55,138) accounting fees for accounting services provided by a company controlled by an officer of the Company. Included in accounts payable, was an amount of \$6,468 due to the Company controlled by an officer as at September 30, 2009 (December 31, 2008: \$4,371).

The Company rents office space from a company controlled by a director of the Company. The Company paid rent of \$4,613 (2008: \$5,302) and \$13,840 (2008: \$16,041) for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009.

The Company paid wages of \$38,958 (2008: \$37,237) and \$119,559 (2008: \$116,002) to a director of the Company for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009.

Included in accounts payable, \$70,954 (December 31, 2008: \$1,699) was payable to a director of the Company relating to the salary payable and travel expenses reimbursement at September 30, 2009.

Included in accounts payable, \$96,240 (December 31, 2008: \$nil) was due to a non-controlling party on the funds collected on their behalf.

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#### 10. Share Capital, Warrants and Stock Options

#### (a) Share Capital

The authorized capital consists of unlimited voting common shares without par value and 20,000,000 preferred shares. The preferred shares rank equally on winding up. The directors shall by resolution determine the rights and restrictions attaching to the preferred shares prior to their issuance. No preferred shares have been issued to date.

On January 17, 2008, the Company completed a \$2,300,000 private placement consisting of 4.6 million common shares at \$0.49 (C\$0.50) each.

#### (b) Options

The Company has stock option plans that allow it to grant options to its employees, officers, directors and consultants to acquire up to 10% of issued and outstanding common stock. The exercise price of each option shall not be less than the weighted average closing price of the common shares on the TSX Venture Exchange on the last five trading days before the date of the grant. Options have a maximum term of five years and terminate thirty to ninety days following the termination of the optionee's employment. The right to exercise the options will vest in installments over the life of the option as determined at the time the option is granted.

		Weighted	Weighted
		Average	Average
		Exercise Price	Exercise Price
	Number of	Per Share	Per Share
	Shares	(USD)	(CND)
Balance, December 31, 2007	3,624,000	0.81	0.87
Options granted	1,600,000	0.66	0.71
Options cancelled/expired	(1,650,000)	0.87	0.94
Balance, September 30, 2009 and			
December 31 ,2008	3,574,000	0.71	0.76

#### 10. Share Capital, Warrants and Stock Options - Continued

(b) Options - Continued

Changes in outstanding stock options were as follows:

On July 28, 2008, the Company granted 450,000 common share purchase options to directors. These options vested immediately and are exercisable at a price of \$0.94 (C\$1.00) per common share expiring July 28, 2013. The Company also granted 500,000 common share purchase options at a price of \$0.57 (C\$0.60) per share exercisable up to July 28, 2013 to employees. All the options vested 25% on the date of grant and 25% of the options vested every year for 3 years. In the meantime, the Company cancelled 300,000 common share purchase options held by a former employee.

On February 21, 2008, the Company granted 650,000 common share purchase options to directors and employees. These options vested immediately and are exercisable at a price of \$0.57 (C\$0.60) per common share expiring February 21, 2013. The Company also cancelled 100,000 common share purchase options held by a former employee.

The following table summarized the stock options outstanding at September 30, 2009:

Range of Exercise Prices (USD)		Range of Exercise Prices (CND)		Number Outstanding at September 30, 2009	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Number Exercisable at September 30, 2009	
\$	0.43	\$	0.50	150,000	1.03	150,000	
	0.52		0.60	1,470,000	3.40	1,220,000	
	0.56		0.65	400,000	1.05	400,000	
	0.60		0.70	100,000	3.07	100,000	
	0.65		0.75	200,000	0.38	200,000	
	0.86		1.00	450,000	3.83	450,000	
	0.90		1.05	804,000	0.97	804,000	
\$0.43	3 - \$0.90	\$0.50	- \$1.05	3,574,000	2.37	3,324,000	

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#### 10. Share Capital, Warrants and Stock Options - Continued

#### (b) Options - Continued

The following table summarized the stock options outstanding at December 31, 2008:

Range of Exercise Prices (USD)		Range of Exercise Prices (CND)		Number Outstanding at December 31, 2008	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Number Exercisable at December 31, 2008		
\$	0.41	\$	0.50	150,000	1.78	150,000		
	0.49		0.60	1,470,000	4.15	1,095,000		
	0.53		0.65	400,000	1.80	400,000		
	0.57		0.70	100,000	3.82	100,000		
	0.61		0.75	200,000	1.13	200,000		
	0.82		1.00	450,000	4.58	450,000		
	0.86		1.05	804,000	1.72	804,000		
\$0.41	- \$0.86	\$0.50	- \$1.05	3,574,000	3.12	3,199,000		

The fair value of each option granted was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with weighted average assumptions for grants as follows:

	2008
Risk free interest rate	3.34% - 3.43%
Expected life of options in years	5 years
Expected volatility	77.00% - 80.58%
Dividend per share	\$0.00

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the weighted average grant date fair value of options granted during the period was \$nil (2008: \$0.36 (C\$0.22)) and compensation expense of \$28,834 (2008: \$363,047) was recognized for options previously granted and vesting over time using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

### Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in U.S. Dollars) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

#### 10. Share Capital, Warrants and Stock Options - Continued

#### (c) Warrants

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company did not issue any warrants.

At September 30, 2009, there were no outstanding warrants.

The following table summarized the status of the Company's share purchase warrants outstanding in 2008:

				E	kercised	$\mathbf{E}_{2}$	kercised	
Number of		Number of	Balance of		price		price	
warrants	Issued	warrants	warrants		per		per	
outstanding as at	during	expired/exercised	outstanding as at	,	warrant	,	warrant	
January 1, 2008	the period	during the period	December 31, 2008		(CND)		(USD)	Expiry date
457,496	-	457,496	-	\$	0.72	\$	0.71	January 17, 2008
42,401	-	42,401	-		1.14		1.13	January 17, 2008
240,750	-	240,750	-		0.80		0.79	October 24, 2008
740,647	-	740,647	-					

- [i] Warrants granted on January 17, 2005 which has an expiry date of January 17, 2007 had been extended for another year to January 17, 2008. These warrants were expired on January 17, 2008.
- [ii] The exercise price of the warrants granted on October 24, 2007 would be increased to \$0.99 (C\$1.00) if they are not exercised on or before April 24, 2008. These warrants were expired on October 24, 2008.

#### 11. Segmented Information

Geographic Information

The Company's head office is located in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. The operations of the Company are primarily in two geographic areas: Canada and China. All of the Company's revenue was generated in China. All goodwill and majority of all of the capital assets were located in China. A summary of geographical information for the Company's assets and net loss for the periods were as follows:

### 11. Segmented Information – Continued

Geographic Information - Continued

Three months ended September 30, 2009	Canada		China	Total
Revenue from external customers Equipment and website development costs Goodwill	\$	- \$ -	2,022,805 727,563 3,210,218	\$ 2,022,805 727,563 3,210,218
Three months ended September 30, 2008	Canada		China	Total
Revenue from external customers Equipment and website development costs Goodwill	\$ 62	- \$ .7 -	148,830 1,734,934 2,998,875	\$ 148,830 1,735,561 2,998,875
Nine months ended September 30, 2009	Canada		China	Total
Revenue from external customers Equipment and website development costs Goodwill	\$	- \$ -	2,087,596 727,563 3,210,218	\$ 2,087,596 727,563 3,210,218
Nine months ended September 30, 2008	Canada		China	Total
Revenue from external customers Equipment and website development costs Goodwill	\$ 62	- \$ .7	449,238 1,734,934 2,998,875	\$ 449,238 1,735,561 2,998,875

### Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in U.S. Dollars) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

#### 12. Commitments

The Company has commitments in respect of office and warehouse leases in China requiring the following payments:

Year ended December 31,	
2009	\$ 32,259
2010	129,034
2011	127,015
2012	96,068
Total	\$ 384,376

TTTC entered into an agreement with a Chinese government agency to reference its name in the Company's internet training website, whereby the Company agreed to pay RMB1,200,000 (\$175,896) per year until 2009 and RMB500,000 (\$73,290) in 2010. On April 23, 2009, both parties agreed to cancel the agreement and TTTC has to pay RMB280,000 (\$40,995) to the other party before the end of 2009 as the final settlement of any outstanding balance payable. The Company thus wrote off RMB2,020,000 (\$295,627) payable previously accrued.

According to the terms of agreement dated September 30, 2006, the aggregate purchase price for acquiring an additional 13% interest in TTTC was RMB 790,000 (\$115,798). Cash is payable over four years with RMB 200,000 (\$25,263) paid in March 2007, RMB 200,000 (\$29,316) is due on or before December 31, 2007 (unpaid as at November 26, 2008), RMB 200,000 (\$29,316) due on or before December 31, 2008 and RMB190,000 (\$27,850) due on or before December 31, 2009. As at September 30, 2009, \$83,950 has been paid and included in the accounts payable in connection with the above noted purchase price.